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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/501,347	10/13/2004	Carole Chaix-Bauvais	120402	8258
25944 7590 03/30/2007 OLIFF & BERRIDGE, PLC P.O. BOX 19928			EXAMINER	
			NAZARIO GONZALEZ, PORFIRIO	
ALEXANDRIA, VA 22320			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1621	
		-		
SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD OF RESPONSE		MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
3 MONTHS		03/30/2007	PAPER	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire 6 MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Antique Commence	10/501,347	CHAIX-BAUVAIS ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Porfirio Nazario-Gonzalez	1621				
The MAILING DATE of this communica Period for Reply	tion appears on the cover sheet with	the correspondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAIL - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 3 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailling date of this communic - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statute - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	LING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICA OF THIS COMMUNICA OF CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a replication. OF Period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTH by statute, cause the application to become ABAN	ATION. y be timely filed S from the mailing date of this communication. IDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status		*				
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed of	on 14 August 2006.					
	☐ This action is non-final.					
	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims						
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-25</u> is/are pending in the app	lication					
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.					
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-25</u> is/are rejected.	· <u> </u>					
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction	n and/or election requirement.	·				
Application Papers	•					
_						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.						
10) The drawing(s) filed on 15 July 2004 is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
_	Construe and all and the OS II O O O					
12)⊠ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).						
a) ☑ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:						
 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 						
3.⊠ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage						
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).						
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Sum	nmary (PTO-413)				
Paper No(s)/Mail Date Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)						
) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 5) Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152) Other:						

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DETAILED ACTION

Priority

1. Receipt is acknowledged of papers submitted under 35 U.S.C. 119(a)-(d), which papers have been placed of record in the file.

Specification

- 2. The amendment filed August 14, 2006 is objected to under 35 U.S.C. 132(a) because it introduces new matter into the disclosure. 35 U.S.C. 132(a) states that no amendment shall introduce new matter into the disclosure of the invention. The added material which is not supported by the original disclosure is as follows: Cancellation of lines 20-21 at page 30 of the specification. The elimination of the oligonucleotide sequence at page 1 (Example 2) broadens the scope of the instant specification.
- 3. Applicant is required to cancel the new matter in the reply to this Office Action. It is also noted that, by canceling the amendment to the specification filed August 14, 2006, Applicants will further have to comply with the requirements for patent applications containing nucleotide and/or amino acid sequence disclosures (37 CFR 1.821(e)) when responding to this Office Action.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

- 4. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:
 The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.
- 5. Claims 1-25 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention. A broad range or limitation together with a narrow

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considered indefinite, since the resulting claim does not clearly set forth the metes and bounds of the patent protection desired. See MPEP § 2173.05(c). Note the explanation given by the Board of Patent Appeals and Interferences in Ex parte Wu, 10 USPQ2d 2031, 2033 (Bd. Pat. App. & Inter. 1989), as to where broad language is followed by "such as" and then narrow language. The Board stated that this can render a claim indefinite by raising a question or doubt as to whether the feature introduced by such language is (a) merely exemplary of the remainder of the claim, and therefore not required, or (b) a required feature of the claims. Note also, for example, the decisions of Ex parte Steigewald, 131 USPQ 74 (Bd. App. 1961); Ex parte Hall, 83 USPQ 38 (Bd. App. 1948); and *Ex parte Hasche*, 86 USPQ 481 (Bd. App. 1949). In the present instance, claim 1, line 2, after the formula (I) for example recites the broad recitation "transition metal", and the claim also recites "preferably Fe, Ru and Os," which is the narrower statement of the range/limitation. Note that lines 19, 21, and 25 (after the formula (I)) in claim 1, as well as claims 8-10, contains similar language. 6. Claim 12 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite

range or limitation that falls within the broad range or limitation (in the same claim) is

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6. Claim 12 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention. Claim 12 recites the limitation "n being equal to 3" in line 2. There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim. Note that claim 12, limits n to be 5 when M is Ru or Fe and therefore the limitation of n in claim 12 must be qualified to exclude Fe and Ru.

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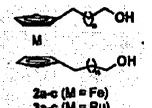
Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

7. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 8. The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:
 - 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
 - 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
 - 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
 - 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.
- 9. This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

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Claims 10-12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Lindner et al., Organometallics, Vol. 18, No. 4, pp. 480-489 (1999), cited by Applicants in view of Keana et al., J. Am. Chem. Soc., Vol. 108, No. 25, pp. 7951- 7957 (1986). The Lindner et al. article discloses symmetrically substituted 1,1'-bis(ω-hydroxyalkyl)metallocenes having the formula



where n is 1, 2 and 4. See experimental section and

Scheme 1 at page 482. Particularly, the Lindner et al. article discloses the formation of the compounds 2a-c and 3a-c by reacting compounds 1a-c (2-{[ω-(1,3-cyclopentadien-1-yl)alkyl]oxy}tetrahydro-2H-pyrans where n= 1, 2 or 4) with n-BuLi followed by the addition of a metal salt. See page 486. The Linder et al. article failed to disclose 1,1'-bis(ω-hydroxyalkyl)metallocenes of the above formula where n is 3 which corresponds to the claimed compounds when Y' and Z' are both –(CH₂)_n- and n is 5. The Keana et al. article discloses the synthesis of 2-{[6-(1,3-cyclopentadien-1-yl)hexyl]oxy}tetrahydro-2H-pyran by reacting lithium cyclopentadienide with hexyl bromide which was used as the synthetic route for making the compounds 1a-c in the Linder et al. article.

Therefore, one skilled in the art would be motivated to make 2-{[5-(1,3-cyclopentadien-1-yl)pentyl]oxy}tetrahydro-2H-pyran by reacting lithium cyclopentadienide with pentyl bromide as a precursor to the claimed compounds since the compounds 2-{[4-(1,3-cyclopentadien-1-yl)butyl]oxy}tetrahydro-2H-pyran are adjacent homologous of the precursor of the

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claimed compounds and are expected to have similar chemical properties absent of unexpected results.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Porfirio Nazario-Gonzalez whose telephone number is 571-272-0641. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon.-Fri. (9:30 AM - 6:00 PM).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Thurman K. Page can be reached on 571-272-0602. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or \$71-272-1000.

PNG March 27, 2007